

Laboratory of Nanostructures INSTITUTE OF HIGH PRESSURE PHYSICS Polish Academy of Sciences

### Nanoparticles with precisely regulated size

Collaboration offer for the European Nanomedicine Technology Platform Partners

- Application of nanomaterials
- Delivering of nanoparticles for modelling studies
- Studying nanoparticle size dependent properties
- Developing of new nanomaterials
- Scaling up nanomaterials
- High quality nanomaterials characterisation
- Joint projects



# Nanoparticles for research on size effects in nanoscale

Precise regulation of crystallites size permits to:

- compare real properties with these from modelling experiments
- measure size dependent properties





# HAP with particle size from 8 to 39 nm

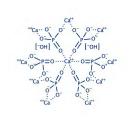
Crystallite (particle) size of hydroxyapatite nanoparticles (GoHAP<sup>™</sup>) produced in the Laboratory of Nanostructures and Nanomedicine IHPP PAS

GoHAP™ type	SSA <sup>1</sup> [m <sup>2</sup> /g]	Density [g/cm³]	Grain size, from SSA <sup>2</sup> [nm]	Grain size, from XRD <sup>3</sup> d <sub>i</sub> ; d <sub>w</sub> <sup>4</sup> [nm]	Grain size, from TEM, [nm] <sup>5</sup>
<u>GoHAP</u> ™ 1	$258 \pm 25$	2.86 ± 0.02	8±1	19 $\pm$ 9; 6 $\pm$ 2	6,5 ± 0.5
<u>GoHAP</u> ™ 2	$\textbf{211} \pm \textbf{20}$	2.92 ± 0.02	$10\pm1$	$24\pm9;7\pm5$	$\textbf{7.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$
<u>GoHAP</u> ™ 3	$\textbf{149} \pm \textbf{14}$	2.95 ± 0.01	$14 \pm 1$	$28\pm12;14\pm6$	$11.7\pm0.03$
<u>GoHAP</u> ™ 4	85 ± 14	3.00 ± 0.01	23 ± 2	$38\pm17;23\pm6$	$\textbf{18.4}\pm\textbf{0.6}$
GoHAP™ 5	61±6	3.03 ± 0.01	32 ± 3	$50 \pm 20; 30 \pm 9$	26.9 v 0.6
<u>GoHAP</u> ™ 6	51±5	3.04 ± 0.01	39±4	$60 \pm 20; 33 \pm 9$	34.8 ± 0.9

<sup>1</sup> Specific Surface Area; <sup>2</sup>Calculated from SSA; <sup>3</sup>Calculated from XRD patterns using Scherrer's <u>Formula</u>; <sup>4</sup> ZnO crystallites have a hexagonal structure.  $d_a$  – size along the a <u>axis</u>;  $d_c$  – size along the c axis; <sup>5</sup> Measured by means of TEM – Transmission Electron Microscopy.

Source: Influence of hydrothermal synthesis parameters on the properties of hydroxyapatite nanoparticles Sylwia Kuśnieruk et al. , *Beilstein J. Nanotechnol.* 2016, 7, 1586–1601. doi:10.3762/bjnano.7.153

Hydroxyapatite or Hydroxylapatite HAP Ca<sub>10</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>6</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>



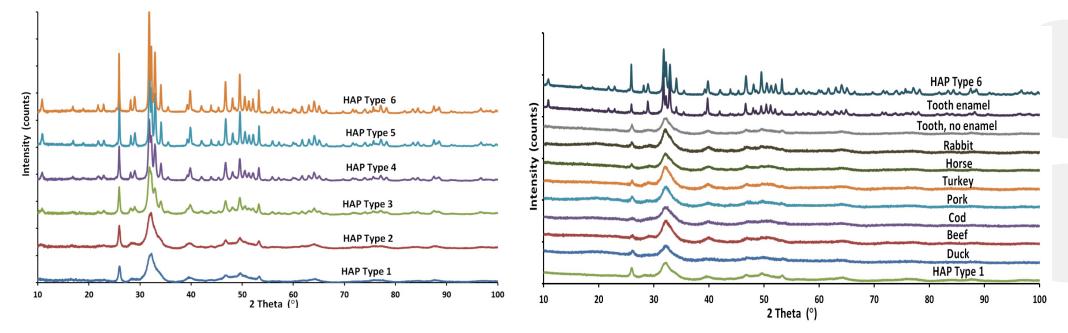
Source : https://www.chromspheres.com/nano-hydroxyapatite-powder/

GoHAP<sup>™</sup> is a synthetic nanomaterial mimicking Hydroxyapatite (HAP) in human bone. It was successfully used for bone regeneration in many veterinary operations.





#### XRD patterns of synthetic GoHAP<sup>™</sup> 1-6 and natural HAP



GoHAP<sup>™</sup> 1 = natural bone. GoHAP<sup>™</sup> 6 = tooth enamel



### ZnO with particle size regulated from 16 to 43 nm

Crystallite (grain) size of ZnO nanoparticles produced in the Laboratory of Nanostructures and Nanomedicine IHPP PAS

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	ZnO type	SSA <sup>1</sup> [m <sup>2</sup> /g]	Density	Grain size,	Grain size,	Grain size,
			[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	from SSA <sup>2</sup> ,	from XRD <sup>3</sup>	TEM, [nm]⁵
				[nm]	d <sub>a</sub> ; d <sub>c</sub> <sup>4</sup> [nm]	
	ZnO 1	74.7	5.12 ± 0.03	$16\pm1$	16 <sub>a</sub> ; 20 <sub>c</sub>	
	ZnO 2	44.9	5.32 ± 0.03	$25\pm1$	26 <sub>a</sub> ; 37 <sub>c</sub>	
	ZnO 3	28.9	5.40 ± 0.02	$29\pm1$	34 <sub>a</sub> ; 51 <sub>c</sub>	
	ZnO 4	26.5	5.42 ± 0.04	$43\pm1$	35 <sub>a</sub> ; 51 <sub>c</sub>	
	ZnO 5	25.9	5.42 ± 0.03	43 ± 1	35 <sub>a</sub> ; 53 <sub>c</sub>	39.5 ± 0.5

<sup>1</sup> Specific Surface Area; <sup>2</sup>Calculated from SSA; <sup>3</sup>Calculated from XRD patterns using Scherrer's <u>Formula;</u> <sup>4</sup> ZnO crystallites have a hexagonal structure. d<sub>a</sub> – size along the a <u>axis</u>; d<sub>c</sub> – size along the c axis; <sup>5</sup> Measured by means of TEM – Transmission Electron Microscopy.
Source: *Size control mechanism of ZnO nanoparticles obtained in microwave solvothermal synthesis*, Jacek Wojnarowicz et al 2018 Nanotechnology **29** 065601



Up to 115 nm achievable



#### ZnO doped with Co<sup>2</sup>+ up to 10 wt%

Crystallite (particle) size of ZnO<sub>0.9</sub>Co<sub>0.1</sub>: nanoparticles produced in the Laboratory of Nanostructures and Nanomedicine IHPP PAS.

ZnO type	SSA <sup>1</sup> [m <sup>2</sup> /g]	Density [g/cm³]	Grain size, from SSA <sup>2</sup> , [nm]	Grain size, from XRD <sup>3</sup> d <sub>a</sub> ; d <sub>c</sub> <sup>4</sup> [nm]	Grain size, TEM⁵, [nm]
ZnO 1	42.6 ± 0.1	5.05 ± 0.04	$28\pm2$	23 <sub>a</sub> ; 26 <sub>c</sub>	23 ± 1
ZnO 2	37.3 ± 0.1	5.13 ± 0.03	$31\pm3$	27 <sub>a</sub> ; 27 <sub>c</sub>	31 ± 1
ZnO 3	31.7 ± 0.1	5.26 ± 0.03	36 ± 3	28 <sub>a</sub> ; 33 <sub>c</sub>	34 ± 1
ZnO 4	28.8 ± 0.1	5.30 ± 0.03	39 ± 3	30 <sub>a</sub> ; 37 <sub>c</sub>	38±1
ZnO 5	21.2 ± 0.1	5.35 ± 0.02	53 ± 3	36₃; 50c	52 ± 3

Mn<sup>2+</sup> as well as Mn<sup>2+</sup> &Co<sup>2+</sup> cooping Available

<sup>1</sup> Specific Surface Area; <sup>22</sup>Calculated from SSA; <sup>3</sup>Calculated from XRD patterns using Scherrer's <u>Formula</u>; <sup>4</sup> ZnO crystallites have a hexagonal structure. d<sub>a</sub> – size along the a <u>axis</u>; d<sub>c</sub>– size along the c axis; <sup>5</sup> Measured by means of TEM – Transmission Electron Microscopy. *Source: Size Control of Cobalt-Doped ZnO Nanoparticles Obtained in Microwave Solvothermal Synthesis*; Jacek Wojnarowicz et al. 2018 *Crystals* **8**, 179; doi:10.3390/cryst8040179



### Antibacterial ZnO: 2 wt% Ag nanoparticles with grain size from 22 to 38 nm

Crystallite (particle) size of ZnO: 2 wt% <u>Ag\_nanoparticles</u> produced in the Laboratory of Nanostructures and Nanomedicine IHPP PAS.

$\pm$						
	ZnO <u>type</u>	SSA <sup>1</sup> [m <sup>2</sup> /g]	Density [g/cm³]	Grain size, SSA <sup>2</sup> , [nm]	Grain size, XRD <sup>3</sup> d <sub>a</sub> ; d <sub>c</sub> ; d <sub>Ag</sub> <sup>4</sup> [nm]	
	ZnO 1	50.7 ± 0.1	5.32 ± 0.01	22 ± 2	21 <sub>a</sub> ; 25 <sub>c</sub> 28-57 <sub>Ag</sub>	
	ZnO 2	38.4 ± 0.1	5.40 ± 0.03	$30\pm3$	25₃; 38 25-57 <sub>Ag</sub>	
	ZnO 3	31.8 ± 0.1	5.40 ± 0.03	$35\pm3$	31 <sub>a</sub> ; 45 <sub>b</sub> 25-57 <sub>Ag</sub>	
	ZnO 4	29.0 ± 0.1	5.43 ± 0.01	38±3	34 <sub>a</sub> ; 52 <sub>b</sub> 25-57 <sub>Ag</sub>	

<sup>1</sup> Specific Surface Area; <sup>2</sup> Calculated from XRD patterns using Scherrer's Formula . <sup>2</sup> ZnO crystallites have a hexagonal structure.  $d_a$  – size along the a <u>axis</u>;  $d_c$  – size along the c axis;  $d_{Ag}$  – size of the Ag nanocrystalsSource: Internal report of Laboratory of Nanostructures, IHPP PAS, author J. Wojnarowicz





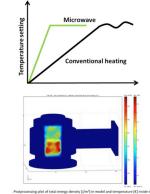
### Particle size control and high yield production using MSS Reactors for Microwave Solvothemal Synhesis

**MSS-4 reactor** 

**MSS -2 reactor** 

- T max = 250°C, P max = 6 MPa,
- Teflon vessels volume 0,3 l
- Heating rate up to 1,8 K/s
- Process duration is controlled with high accuracy
- High power density delivered in the reagents: approximately 10 W/ml
- Developed in collaboration with Lukasiewicz Institute of Sustainable Technologies







The production process is clean, in a rigid technological regime, reproducible and scalable

# Nanomaterials characterisation services offered by Labnano

- Particle size distribution, by several methods
- Specific surface, surface energy, nano and micro porosity
- Zeta potential
- Suspensions stability
- Chemical composition, Phase composition
- TEM, FE SEM, EDS, XRD
- TG+DSC+FTIR+MS
- Selected optical properties
- Other





### **Collaboration offer Bilateral or in joint EU projects.**

- Delivering of nanoparticles for modelling studies and size dependent properties
- Developing of new nanomaterials
- Investigation of size dependent properties
- Scaling the nanomaterials rial production to industrial scale
- Joint projects on nanomaterials application
- High quality characterisation of nanoparticles

